By Mail, per year, in advance, ... six months, ... three months, ... Uelivered by Carriers, per week

TERMS OF SEMI-WEEKLY:

The Intelligencer.

The Result in Connecticut.

The Republicans have carried Connect icnt, sufficiently. The later dispatches indicate that Governor JEWELL's majority will be less than first indicated, but it is considered he will still have a majority over all and be elected by the popular vote If he should not, and the election go into the Legislature, his election is still assured, inasmuch as the Legislature is securely Republican. And the election of a Republican Legislature is the most valtable fruit of the contest, for it secures the election of a Republican Senator to succeed Mr. FERRY; and that is far more important than the election of Governor.

The Cincinnati Election. The whole Democratic ticket was elocted in Cincinnati Monday, including Judges of the Superior Court, by majori-Judges of the Superior Councy of Superior Council of Superior Coun widely disregarded and men were voted for by both parties on their merits. When there is a real expression of party sentiment the city is Republican by some 2500. But the Republican caucus fois tered unworthy and incompetent men on their party as candidates; and the party in disgust repudiated both caucus and candidates. The Commercial says of the

"It is an expression of deep popular disgust with the action of the Republican Convention, and with the mismanage ment of city affairs in general," TO The Gazette says :

pariy of those that have assumed to be the party managers. A very emphatic rebuke it is, too. The city is both by na-ture and tradition strongly Republican. Under ordinary circumstances it will give a Republican majority of at least 2,500. We believe it would have given such a majority yesterday if the Greenwood Hall convention had manifested any, the least sagacity or discrimination. Instead, it it fooled away its advantage, and gave the Democrats an opportunity that, to the surprise of everybody, they improved. thodoxy has never been suspected or ques-tioned, went to the polls yesterday and indulged in the unfamiliar process of scratching, and in a few instances the ticket which was their basis of operations

Big Coat. Run .- Our Pittsburgh dispatches indicate a very large shipment of uclot. coal on the present rise. Twenty-six steamers are coming with 2 800,000 bushbushels for Louisville; others with 1,800,-000 bushels for St. Louis; and twelve others, amount of tow not reported-Fifty-eight steamers are coming with tows estimated to carry 6,500,000 bushels.

THE Temperance men of St. Clairsville elected their ticket, after an exciting contest, Monday. A correspondent tells us all about it but we are obliged to defer publication of his letter till to-morrow.

CINCINNATI.

The City Goes Democratic by 2,000 Majority--The Enquirer Disclaims a Party Victory.

ticket was elected in this city yesterday by an average majority of 2,000. The Council will stand 26 Democrats and 22 of an average majority of 2,000. The Council will stand 28 Democrats and 22 Republicans; the Board of Aldermen 15 Republicans and 9 Democrats. The Board of Control is entirely Democratic by a large majority.

as a Democratic partisan victory. It is an expression of deep popular disgust with the action of the Republican Council and with the mismanagement of city affine in council and with the mismanagement of city affine in council and with the mismanagement of city affine in council with the mismanagement of city and the council with the council with the mismanagement of city and the council with the council with the mismanagement of city and the council with the council with the mismanagement of city and the council with the city and the council with the city and the city affairs in general."

The Enquirer says: "We do not claim The Enquirer says: "We do not claim this as a party victory. Personal and other considerations which entered into the canvass prevented it from being so considered. The Republicans made anternate nominations for the chief offices." It further declares that while no partisan triumph can be claimed, it is no partisan triumph can be claimed, it is verdict against the administration.

The tollowing is from this morning's

The following is from this morning's a Gazette: "On an abstract question of Republicanism as against Democracy, the city would vote every time against Democracy; but on questions of local government party wire-pullers must not expect to trade upon the strength of the Republican party and win. The people understand too well their selfishness to put up with the attemnt." put up with the attempt."
CINCINNATI, April 2.—The Tolksblatt,

CIKINNATI, APRIL 2.—The locasocati, a German Republican paper, says of the elections yesterday: "It was taken into consideration by a great part of the German Republicans that the extreme Temperance element has shown itself possessions and a second of the control of the contr ed of so great an influence that the anti-Temperance men desired to call a halt.
The decrease of the Republican majority
over the Rhine is The decrease of the Republican majority over the Rhine, is an answer to the remembration of Judge Weich and the action of the Legislature." Returns from the county are not in, but they will increase the Democratic majority. The Board of Central Republicans elected the Cierk of the police court, but he had no opposition. No others, except Ward officers were elected by the Rapublicans.

The Democratic majority for Street Commisioners 4381; Director City Infirmers 3440, Trustee of Water Works 1981; Yople, for short term Judge 8329; O'Conser, for long term Judge, received 1370 more votes than both his Republican opponents. The council has a majority of 200 joint ballot.

George Hoffman, a brewer at Foss & Republican George Hoffman, a brewer at Foss & Republican George Hoffman,

George Hoffman, a brewer at Foss &

George Hoffman, a brewer at Foss we Bremer's brewery, on Freeman street, was killed this afternoon in a singular manner. He was near a huge beer cask, which the men were for some purpose forcing air into, when it burst and one of the stayes struck and killed him. SHE

St. Louis Election.

St. Louis, April 2.—In the election to ST. Louis, April 2.—In the election to-day for twelve aldermen and eight school directors the Democrats made a pretty clean sweep, electing nine aldermen. There was one elected on the Republican ticket, and two who ran independently. Of the school directors there are proba-bly six. In the Eighth ward, W. P. Brooks (colored) received 279 votes. The Brooks (colored) received 279 votes. The Council will stand: 17 Democrats, 4 Re Publicans, 3 Independents.

WHEELING, W. VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 3, 1872 and (content in twite)

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

Exclusively to the Intelligencer

(By the Western Union Line Office North-west cor. of Main and Mo

THE LATEST NEWS.

-The Maryland Legislature adjourned Tuesday morning,
—Rocheforte and Assi have left France for their destination to New Caledonia, where they are sentenced to deportation

-There was a vague rumor in New York yesterday that Gen. Dix had re-

signed the presidency of Erie.

—The Missouri Legislature adjourned sine die Monday.

—Mrs. Jecko, wife of Joseph Jecko,

criminal lawyer of St. Louis, com suicide on Tuesday. The cause of the act

were burned on freeday morning Los -A. H. D. Mezo, a prominent sugar

merchant of New Orleans, shot himself ou Tuesday, and died at his residence the same afternoon. The shooting is supposed to have been accidental; -A resolution has passed the New Yorl

Senate authorizing the Governor to ap-Convention in London in July next for the reformation of the penal code.

—About fifty immigrant families have ocated in the neighborhood of Council 200 Pieces New Assweld shuld

his boat, pulling his gun along by the muzzle, when it was accidentally discharged, killing him instantly. —Gens. Sheridan and Augur have been directed by an order from the War De partment to use extraordinary efforts to capture and turn over to the civil authori-

ties for trial, all persons who raid from Mexico into Texas. -The Navy Department has advices from the Asiatic fleet dated Hong Kong, February 15. The gunboat Ashuelot saved the passengers and crew of the American steamer Suwanada from the hands of Chinese pirates, a large number of whom had surrounded the vessel, but retreated on the approach of the Ash-

-Clear and partially cloudy weather steamers are coming with 2,800,000 bushels for Cincinnati; twenty with 2,200,000 are indicated to-day for the Middle States; and the area of rain over and west of the

A dispatch states that 300 Democrats have been entranchised since the last election.

-Hon. B. F. Claypool, candidate for Congress from the Fourth Indiana Dishas withdrawn, leaving the track clear to Hon, J. Wilson, the incumbent.

-The funeral of Hon. Jno. L. Davies for 31 years a prominent citizen of Davenport, Iowa, was attended Tuesday with

mposing ceremonies. na & St. Peter railroad, was run over by

rity.

—Rev. Lorenzo D. Huston, late pastor

in rectal says, editorially: "The

of Trinity Methodist Church, South, of

Baltimore, has commenced an action for

resentatives from this city.

Jewell is elected Governor by about 700 majority,
NEW YORK, April 2.—The Connecticut
election created but little excitement in
the city, last evening. The special dispatches from that State report that prob-

patches from that State report that prob-ably Jewell's majority over both his op-ponents will be two or three hundred, and two thousand over Hubbard. The vote is five thousand less than last year. The Labor Reformers ran much below their computed strength, but the temperance ticket ran well.

Computed strength, but the temperance ticket ran well.

The World says the Liberal Republicans did not give much support to the Democracy, that they seemed unwilling to break with the Grant wing until after

the Cincinnati Convention.

HARTFORD, April 2.—The official returns of scattering towns will reduce Jewell's majority over all, but he is prob-ably elected. There are five towns to hear from. The *Times* figures Jewell's majority over all at 232, and Post's at about 100.

THE COMPLETE VOTE. HARTFORD, April 2.—The latest revised tables at the Courant office, with re-turns from every town, give the following

county,	Jewell.	Hubbard	Gillette.	Harrison
Hartford.	9820	9399	364	187
New Havet	10550 5568	10990	329	143
Pairfield Francisco	7591	7715	179	B
Litchfield	4200	4741	121	10
Middlesex Toland	3075	9068 9857	091 143	11
Totald	#188	1893	. 81	. 1
Total	46386	44446	1526	38

l's plurality 1,940; majority over all, 30 The Senate stands 15 Republicans, 6 Democrats. The House stands 131 Republicans, 110 Democrats. Republican Majority or joint balet 30. Last year it was 24. The Republicans elected the Sheriff in six counties and the Democrats in two, Fairfield and Litchfield.

42d CONGRESS

EKON TA HOO.WASHINGTON, April'S. a of the sell HOUSE noil was H Mr. Houven, of Utah, presented a me-morial of the Constitutional Convention of Utah for the admission of that territo-ry into the Union under the hame of Descot, Referred. Descret. Referred.

On motion of Mr. KETCHUM a bill was passed making it unlawful for any register or surveyor of public lands, his wife or clerk, to locate or purchase any tract of public land, or act as agent for the purchase of real estate, or for the location of lands for any results.

of lands for any person.

Mr. Dawis reported a resolution denying the right of the Sentie to originate the new tariff bill, and moved to lay that bill on the table. He remarked that there was an uneasiness begotten among the people arising from the fact that there was a growing tendency on the part of the Senate to gather to itself, without recog-nizing the distinction in the foundation of the two branches, all the functions of tion bearing on the subject was that all bills for raising revenue shall originate in he House of Representatives, but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as in other bills. The right thus reserved to the House would cease to be of any value if the Senate could under the form of an improved

acjer of the House bill, which was merely to repeal, duties on tea and coffee, not even the tille of the House bill remained it, was a general revision, not only of tariff, but of the internal revenue system. He trusted that without regard to the intrin-sic merits of propositions in the Senate substitute, the House would assert unani, mously one of the most valued of all the rights and covers by butter to the Senate rights and powers by laying the Senate

Messis. Cox, Garfield, Butler of Massachusetts; Maynand, Hale, Wood The body of a boy named Morse 16
Hoar and Brooks advocated the resolution may be been found within four lution. Mr. Woods only lear was that miles of Council Binfis. He went to shoot the passage of the resolution might preducks on Sunday, and was getting out of vent. the passage of any tariff bill this

Mr. Davis assured Mr. Woor was a better prospect for a revision of the tariff by laying this bill on the table than by taking it up, and he hoped the Committee on Ways and Means would be able to report a bill in the course of a week.

Mr. POTTER said a majority of the people of the country were to-day in eight States, and were represented by only six-teen members in a body of seventy-six members. The result of it was the legislation of the country was controlled by representatives of a small minority o representatives of a small minority of the people. That condition of things could not continue, either they must go back to the sovereignty of the States, or to popular representation in the Senate. Mr. RITCHIE did not feel yeary clear on the subject, but he was inclined to sup-port the position of the Senate. He grared more danger from the proceeder. leared more danger from the preponder-ance in the House of the great States over the little ones, than from inequality in

the Senate. Mississippi will probably earen ward over the Ohio Valley.

—The report that Judge Pettis, of Meadville, Pa., is connected with the Mick, Read, Ritchina and Speer, of Pa. The House then proceeded to the consideration of the steamboat bill. There sideration of the steamboat bill.

provisions in regard to pilotage:
Mr. KERR offered a substitute for the steamboat law of 1871, limiting the liabilities of ship owners. Ordered to be

The SPRAKER adpointed Messrs. KETCH

The SPRAKER adpointed Messars ALE TON.
RUSK and HOLMAN, as a Committee of Conference on the St. Croix & Lake Superior Railroad bill.
Without disposing of the steamboat bill, the House adjourned.

Mr. Robertson remarked in relevence to the request of Mr. Ramsey that the important bills were thereby hurried Baltimore, has commenced an action for libel in the Superior Court against the Baltimore American.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

Butler denying that he or Mr. SAWYER were connected with the Ku-Klux Klan. Mr. Blane had read a letter from Reverdy Johnston showing that the statement was incorrect that he, Johnston and Stanberry had abandoned the Ku-Klux

Personal and hentered into from being so ans made unof the chief es that while claimed, it is resentatives from this city.

Sample a banaconed the Ku-Klux cases because of the crimes proved against their clients. Mr. Johnson liso said in the letter that there was not the slightest evidence or suspicion to convict General Hampton, Kershaw and Butler with the Ku-Klux movements, and that Mr. Enmunds.

the trials took place it all, and frank ness compelled him to say that he believed it yet as to the gentlemen of South (Carolimareferred to.) What he had sudd was that he was crediably informed that the judicial officers of the United States in that district had in their possession eyric idence which would go to convict those gentlemen of being the Advisary Board of the Ku Klux, whatever that might be, and he would now repeat that he had good reason to believe that whenever the government should furnish legal machinger and the would now repeat that he had good reason to believe that whenever the government should furnish legal machinger and the world now and the schools which shall be appropriated this such evidence would be produced.

Mr. Blair said that Messrs, Johnson and Stanbury took sufficient interest in those Stanbury took sufficient interest in those cases to come to Washington and argue them in the Supreme Court, and there was no warrant, whatever, for the assertion now repeated by the Senator from Vermont as to their charges against Generals Hampton, Kershaw and Butler. He had hoped to hear no more of it, but as the Senator had chosen to reiterate it, it had become the duty of those who knew that it was without foundation or excuse; that it was without foundation or excuse; that if the evidence spoken of by Senator in a ring urging an invasion of the Edmunds excited, it was false evidence; that the gentlemen concerned were anx.

Democrats. The House stands 131 Republicans. 110 Democrats Republicans Reform Committee and That Republicans Republicans Republicans Repub Mr. PRATT called up the bill giving con-

bill, but that he hoped to call it up early. Mr Nyz presented a constitution adopted by Utah as a State constitution, to

accompany their application for admission as a State. The Senate then resumed the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill.

The question was an amendment extinguishing the title of the Sissiton and treaty of February 18, 1860, except perma-

of the House was an extraordinary one, but he would not now move to refer it to the Finance Committee, because the Sen-ate night wish to discuss it before referring it. He therefore moved that it, its over and be printed, which was agreed to. Other amendments to the Indian ap-propriation bill were offered and discussed, and, at 5 P. M., the Senate went into Excoutive session and soon after adjourned. Ohio Municipal Elections.

CINCINNATI, April 2.—The following is the result of the elections at some of the ander the form of an amendment, regulate everything of value or importance in the revenue bills. The substitute of the Senate changed entirely the character of the House bill, which was merely to repeal, duties on tea and coffee, not substitute of the House bill remained it.

Urbana—Republican mayor elected by a small majority. principal points in Ohio as far heard from:

small majority.
Chillicothe—All councilmen elected are

Chillicothe—All councilmen elected are Republicans. Township probably 80 Re-publican, large majority. Newark—Elected a Republican mayor by 144 majority. First Republican mayor n seventeen years.
Tippecance—The Democrats elected their mayor. They also have a majority in the council.

Ripley—Democratic by a large ma-jority.

Letonie—Democrats elected their whole township ticket.

Portsmouth—Almost the entire Repub-

Portsmouth—Almost the entire Republican ticket is elected.
Youngstown—Republican mayor elected by a small majority.
Lima—Republicans elected their entire township-licket, except assessor and contable.

Marion-Entire Democratic township Xenia—Republicans elect entire ticket. Bucyrus—Democrats elected the whole f their ticket, except marshal.
Cadiz and Alliance—Republican ticket

nayor and one councilman.

Middletown—Republican ticket elected except treasurer.

At many places local issues were before the people and politics had very little to do with the result.

COLUMBUS, April 3.—The election her yesterday was quickly conducted. The Republicans and Independents made a sweep of all the offices except a few Coun cilmen. It is said Eberly, independent, was elected trustee of the water works by a small majority. Graham, independent, was elected City Civil Engineer, by a There large majority and the purplement the Chrystand April 2 The purplement

election in this city, yesterday, passed off quietly. The Republicans elected their icket by an average majority of 2,000. The Council remains the same as last year 18 to 12. The propositions to annex the village of East Cleveland, and to improve communication between the east and west side, by sinking the C. C. C. & I. R. R. tracks, and building a stone vialuct were voted upon, and carried almost unant-

Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, April 2 .- In the Senate this morning, the House bill to compell the Lite Insurance Companies of other States doing business in Ohio, to file with the State Auditor at waver left the right do United States Courts, was passed; to place on tax receipts a description of the property taxed, and its appraised

The House bill to incorporate asssocia

The House bill to incorporate associa-tions for the arrest, and prosecution of horse thieves, was passed.

Conumbus, April 2.—In the Senate this afternoon the Senate joint resolu-tion in relation to the construction of a ship canal around Niagara Falls on the American side was adonted. A resolu-American side was adopted. A resolu-tion was adopted authorizing the Govern-

EDMUNDS existed, it was false evidence; that the gentlemen concerned were anxious for an opportunity to refute them, and defied the Government to prosecute them; and that probably nobody could be found who believed the charges, exceptional who believed the charges, exceptions of the senator from Vermont, if he did.

NEW YORK CITY

New York, April 2.—Jack Hallisy, known as a member of the swamp gang, being this morning refused a drink in a liquor store on William street, threatened the bar keeper named Merken, who thereupon shot Hallay, killing him instantly.
Six of the indicated distillers gave ball this afternoon, in the sum of \$5,000 each. Seven latal cases of small pox, which had been concealed, are reported to day. Although the number of indictments by the U.S. Grand Jury, for whiskey, and Mr. EDMUNDS, was laid on the table. A other irands, was estimated yesterday at message was received announcing that the House had laid on the table the Senate substitute for the House bill; repealing duties on the annual of the service of the ser many or those included the names of several persons, so that the indicted parties will perhaps amount to eighty in all. Among the number is Judge Pratt, of Brooklyn, who held a Collectorship of Internal Revenue in 1867 and 1868, but Judge Davis, District Attorney, thinks the indictment against him is found under total misapprehension of the facts. In a conversation with a recovery vestericy. DeKay, clerk in the District Attorney's office, whose appointment is due to Gen. Butler, and who is especially instructed in this branch of the District At-torney's office, said in replying to torney's office, said in replying to the interrogatory whether the Grand Jury investigated any recent castom house frauda, that it

Jury investigated any resonation house frauda, that it was a question house frauda, that it was a question whether any custom house frauda had been cently been exposed by the investigating gout for the Tammany officers. It is combined in the list of names, tom house bribery cases. No prominent persons are mentioned in the list of names, most of the parties being subordinate exteems officers and dealers in whisky. The indictments are based principally on affidavits made in 1887-8. On this account, and also by reason of the lapse of time, it is thought that many of them will be quashed. At the contest it is proposed on the part of the government to make a on the part of the government to make a on the part of the government to make a limit that there is a doubut of his returning limits on the part of the government to make a limit that there is a doubut of his returning limits of the part of the government to make a limit that there is a doubut of his returning limits of the limits of his returning limits of his returning limits of the limits of his returning limits of his returning limits of his returning limits of the limits of his returning limits of the limits of his returning is strongest and be governed in the other by the result therein as to a continuance of the prosecutions. At any rate the trials cannot be reached for a long time, inas-Democrats elected their whole much as there are at present four thou sand untried eases in the federal courts in

It is stated in the mornin that a familiar of General But knew or the proposed action said that the parties who applied to a certain lawyer parties who applied to a certain lawyer, who was formerly a rebel General, would be acquitted.

The ball of the parties who have been thus far served with warrants has averaged \$5,000 each.

The Jamel will case is to be brought up on a new trial at an early day.

The Judiciary Committee yesterday examined a Mr. Yelverton, an accountant, amined a sir. Televerton, an account who testified that the bank payments were made by Jodge Cardozo to Nathan and that Terrence Farley was the recipient of Cardozo's favors.

The Thaddeus Stevens Club last ever ing celebrated the anniversary of the Fit

At nine o'clock this morning the con At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Oyer to-day, H. P. Archer resigned the offices of Vice President and Direc-tor. The Board passed a resolution thanking him for his, assistance in effect. ing the recent change in the company The reason of Archer's resignation is tha business engagements require his undi vided attention. The reported resignation

of Dix and Stebbins is without foundation was adopted :- Resolved, That the New York Associa ted Press respectfully remonstrate and protest against using the so-called Mul-lier patent for the manufacture of white straw paper, the said patent having been originally of doubtful legality, and

been originally of doubtlut regainty, and its term having since expired: The At a meeting of the petroleum dealers, yesterday, steps were taken for the formation of an Exchange to include petroleum and naval store dealers.

The receipt of a special London cable dispatch this morning quoted American Erie shares one and one-sixth per cent. higher at the one-third and protected stock two per cent higher at 57. The price in Broad street ran up from 66 to 68, which is the highest price attained in the New York market for this stock within the money market began to be circulated about this time and Erie fell to 64 within half an hour, and at the close a still further decline took place. Large sums money were borrowed late yesterday by bears when they really had no use for

national bank bills.

General W. Crawford, commanding the Second Infantry, has arrived from Hunts-ville, Alabama, to act as a pallbearer of

General Anderson.

Mrs. Julia Grindell, has been arrested as an abortionist. The boats of the Staten Island Ferry

Company, will be released as securities; as all the cases decided against them will have been justified by Thursday.

A steamer left this evening for Albany, expecting to meet no serious obstruction from dee.

Charles Rosefield, has been arrested, the steamer with perjury in the matter of the

charged with perjury in the matter of the bail of Goodall, the washed stamp dealer. It is reported Miss Kellogg, sails for London on the 13th, to fulfill her operatic engagement with Mapleson.

The rumor of the arrest of Conklin, late Secretary of the Market Savings Bank, in Montreal, is believed to be unfounded.

Montreal, is believed to be unfounded.

The District Attorney of Brooklyn, stated to-day he never saw anything of a fraudlent character while a member of the Metropolitan Revenue Commission.

Three new brick buildings on Elder street, in the outskirts of Brooklyn, was demolished by a gale last night.

Several encounters occurred during the election in Newtown, Long Island, today. Thomas Warner, Chairman of the Reform Committee, and Thaddeus Firth, a plano manufacturer, were severely beaten by a gang of ring men. During the fight, it is alleged the ballot boxes were stuffed sufficiently to secure the success of the ring ticket.

Maurice Mert was arrested and held to the ring ticket.

says his father when he left home or Reform State Committee, met this vening and repudiated the nomination of udge Davis for President.

The Tribune to morrow will have the llowing:

very ominous and portending evil for those against whom, with Cook, he is to be used. It was generally thought that Cook's return was brought about by the ring, and that Woodward would be compelled to act in the same interest in self protection. The friends of Tweed and Connolly, however, think otherwise. One

George R. Wilson was sworn, and testing which will eventually carry out the Treaty of Washington Navy Yard and has been since May, 1861. The yard is supplied with every facility for building first-class engines. The yard can manufacture engines cheaper than by contract with outside parties and in a much more satisfactory manner. He thought it much more economical to the first reason the subject. The Secretary of State will not reply to Earl Grant and more economical to the fought it much more economical to the first reason and the subject of the first reason and the subject of the first reason and the first reason and the subject of the first reason and the first reason an nore satisfactory manner. He thought it much more economical to build engines and arguments of this unusually long outstanding the navy yard than to have them built by contractors. They could employ there from 700 to 1,000 men. Compound engines could be built there; they could, in the navy hard the navy sard than to have them built long outstands outstands of claims for indirect or consequential damages, included with a willingness to abide by the decision of those designate of tion by Representative Archer that the navy yard could make engines superior to those of contractors. They were pro-vided with the best machinery of every kind. In reply to a question by Secretary Robeson, witness said the west navy yard during five years of the late war pre-pared more ordnance supplies than all he other yards together; and in reply to tablishment is equal to the Washington

Navy Yard.

The Chief of Construction and Repairs Hanscomb, being sworn, testified that he took part in the contraction for the construction of engines for torpedo boat to be built at Charleston; the board adopted his design and that of Admiral Porter for two torpedo boats the one to be built under the superintendency of witness and the other under the superintendency of for one and Porter for the other; they were equired engines; he obtained informa larly to Mr. Roach, as to whether he could construct compound engines; he had no conversation with other parties about giving contract; he did not apply to any navy yard to build the engine they could not gaurantee the power they could not gaurantee the power; he did not know of any law requiring proposals in a case of this kind.

Mr. Bartlett next took the subject of contract for furnishing from for boats; the witness having directions to build the yeasel; he understood that he was to have the purchase of the materials; he had re-ceived no directions from any one; having understood where the best iron could be obtained he contracted with Mr. E. C. Pennock, of Coatsvile. Pa; he did not advertise for proposals for furnishing iron; the iron contracted for was not usually manufactured in the United States; the Secretary never directed him to favor anybody in any way or shape: the Secre-tary never verbally or in writing, directed him to favor anybody; nobody connected with the Navy is a purchasing agent for

Mr. Bartlett, here put in as evidence in the case, the act of Congress making appropriations to supply the deficiency in Naval appropriations for the fiscal years 1869-70. The proviso therein being as follows: "Provided that money so appropriated shall be expended only for purposes providing materials, carrying on work, and paying employees of Bureau, for which it is appropriated." Bartlett here claimed that Secor received \$23,000 on the 15th of June, 1871, which was paid out of the deficiency appropriation, conout of the deficiency appropriation, contrary to the proviso above quoted.

Secretary Robeson said the explanation of the gentleman, was for newspaper pub-

The Committee adjourned until to-

Charter Elector at Dubuque. DUBUQUE, TOWA, April 2.—The charter election held in this city Monday was close and exciting. The result was not announced until this morning, when it was found that the entire Democratic

WASHINGTON.

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS. Washiston, April 2.—Franklin S. Ilyard has been nominated Assessor of ternal Revenue of the Fourth District sternal Revenue of the Fourial Parties antucky; Josse Turner, Receiver of ublic Monies, Grand Island, Nebraska, Im. Newton, Register of Land Office, ak Lake, Minnesota; Reuben Reynolds,

Receiver, same place.
Secretary Robeson and Commodore
Case were examined by the Senate Arms Committee to-day.

INDIANA CONTESTED ELECTION CASE. In the case of Gooding against Wilson, from Evansville district, Indiana, Repub-lican members of the House Committee lican members of the House Com on Elections will report in favor of Wilson, and the Democrats in favor of Gooding. This is the first case this session wherein reports have been strictly

In the case of DeLarge against Bowen from South Carolina, Judge Paschall moved to dismiss the case on the ground that Bowen acted as a member of the South Carolina Eggislature after the elec-

The letter of Earl Granville in reply to Secretary Fish was read at the Cabinet meeting to-day, occupying nearly all of the more than two hours session. The particulars of the letter cannot be ascertained. The Cabinet members decline to converse on the subject they seeming to yesterday. converse on the subject, they seeming to have a general understanding that it would be improper to furnish anything converging it for publication will be the the correspondence on the supject of the Alabama claims and the difference of interpretation of, the United States and Great Britain respectively. It is known, however, from a reliable source, that the letter from Earl Granville is in the letter from Earl Granvine argument the character of an elaborate argument against the claim of the United States for indirect damages. It is firm, yet friendly intone, and expresses hope that

British press on the subject. The secre-tary of State will not reply to Earl Gran-ville's letter for some days, as time is re-quired for the consideration of the points and arguments of this unusually long dip-lomatic letter. From intimations in high abide by the decision of those designated by the treaty to effect an adjustment of the differences between the two countries. Comptroller Hurlburd has received 30 days leave of absence from his duties as Comptroller of the Currency. Mr. John J. Knox, deputy comptroller, is by law

acting as Comptroller during his absence.

Mr. Hulbard's resigned. Mr. Hulbard's resignation has been at the disposal of the President since the day the committee of the House introduced the resolution recommending a change in the

Several of the members of the Japanese Embassy are being shown through the Treasury offices, to-day.

CABINET MEETING. All the members of the Cabinet were present at its session to-day. Previous to the meeting the British Minister, ac-companied by Vice Admiral Fanshaw, of the British navy, called at the White House. They were met by Secretary Fish, who introduced the distinguished

visitors to the President.

The Committee of Ways and Means this morning agreed to report in favor of a specific duty on books instead of an advalorem duty. They also determined to amend the law imposing duties on crockery ware so that it shall be levied on the ware alone, and not on the crate, straw, &c. 'as heretofore."

The House Committee on Appropriations to-day agreed to report in favor of an appropriation of \$375,000 for the signal an appropriation. The appropriation last service bureau. The appropriation last year was \$160,000, and the amount asked

The House Committee on Foreign Afairs to-day agreed to report adverse the bill introduced on the 28th of March by Mr. Kendall, of Nevada, to permit Minister De Long to act also as representative of the Hawaiian Islands at Japan The Secretary has decided that the The Secretary has decided that the In-come tax on the salary of the President of the U. S., and Judges of the Supreme Court of the U. S. is unconstitutional and the same will be refunded and not hereafter imposed.

SCRANTON, PA., April 2.—The casualty SCIANTON, TAI, APITI 2.—The casualty at the Lacks wanns breaker at Carbondale, yesterday, by the breaking of the plane has resulted in the death of three persons. The body of John Holmer was removed from the burning debris literally burned to a crisp in many parts of his body and lived course have the control of the property of the his body and lived only about an hour. John Clark had both legs broken and his head crushed. He died this at-ternoon. Lawrence Smith was severely his nead trustees.

ternoon. Lawrence Smith was severely injured, but will recover. Jas. McLaughlin, when he fell, the structure giving away, jumped over the side and landed over a hundred feet distant in a pile of dirt without receiving any injury. The mines were set on fire by a stove, which which fell with the structure from the

which fell with the structure from the weigh office at the head of the plane. PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH, April 2.—Gov. Geary to day signed a bill consolidating the South day signed a bill consolidating the South Side boroughs with the city of Pittsburgh, adding 30,000 to the population. Over 7,000,000 bushels of coal was shipped south the present rise in the

John Kemp, who was stabbed in the eye with the end of an umbrella stick Sunday night, died to-day. John Nicoans was arrested for his murder. The Roughers and Catchers, at the Iron Mills, to-day demanded an advance of 50 cents per day. A portion of them struck. The mills are running on day turn.

A Showman Torn by Lions. PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—Jos. Whittle was badly torn by lions this afternoon, while performing at O'Brien's circus, on Main and Oxford streets, in Frankford. He is not expected to live.

DURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANBOUS, LITER ARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR

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FOREIGN

Glasgow-A Scene of Disorder.
London, April 2.—Mr. Bradlough, in a lecture in Glasgow last night, stated that he was in favor of a republican form of government for Great Britain. Parlia-ment, he said, had bestowed a crown upon William and Mary, and what it had right to give it certainly had a right to withhold. These utterances gave rise to considerable disorder, and an attack was made on the lecturer from a number of windows. The street lamps were broken, and several policemen were stoned by the rioters, but no one was seriously in-

NEW YORK, April 2.—A London dispatch says: The Earl of Dufferin has been appointed Governor General of Canada to take the place of Lord Lisgar. The tricentennial anniversary of the independence of Holland was celebrated at Hague and elsewhere with great features.

At Manchester a grand ovation was given Disraeli by the working classes on his arrival. ssor John F. D. Mannee, leader of the Broad Church party, died in Lond

London, April 2.—The review of the interopolitan volunteer Corps at Brighton yesterday was considered a failure. About twenty thousand volunteers were on the ground. The weather was fine. It is announced that Lord Lisgar, Governor General of Canada, will shortly he called home, and that he will be succeeded by the Earl of Dufferin, now Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

The steamship Holsatia has arrived

The steamship Holsatia has arrived London, April 2.—A grand military eview took place at Brighton yesterday, in accordance with the programme previously announced. Immense crowd witnessed the manoauvres, which were conducted on a large scale, and were rendered more than usually interesting by the rehearsal of the battle of Dorking. The troops in the field, include 20,000 volunteere, were divided into two armies, one of invasion and the other of defense. The enemy's was supposed to have effected a landing on Storeham Harbor. The movement Harbor. The movement commenced with an attack on the village and its capture. After obstinate resistance, the invaders advanced on Brighton, and after repulsing the body of troops, took up a defensive position. The army on the defensive being largely reinforced, took the offensive under General Vesch, took defensive being largely, reinforced, took the offensive under General Horsford and attacked the invaders with success, al-though the latter broke through Hors-ford's right center and created a great ford's right center and created a great contusion for awhile. The firing ceased at one o'clock, both sides having been impartially beaten. A mock fight was succeeded by march past, which was not satisfactory: The review on the whole is considered a failure. The weather was fine, although there were occasional showers, and the air was fresh and bracing. The trains took down large numbers of spectators from London.

spectators from London. The insunations of the American press in regard to Admiral Inglefield's move-ments in the United States, have created a sensation here, and are variously

mented on. While the races at Turgan, Ireland ere in progress, a stand crowded spectators gave way and a large number of persons were precipitated to the ground a wild confused mass. Thirty rsons were injured, some of wh

nnot recover. A alarge deputation of conservatives marched in procession, to-day, to Pamon's Garden, where they presented addresses to Disraeli, expressing hope that he would soon come into power again. In spite of the heavy snow and rain storm the attendance at the presentation was immense and Disraeli was repeatedly cheered Many houses in the vicinity were deco-rated with flags.

FRANCE. Marshall McMahon says the March to

NEW YORK, April 2—A Paris dispatch says that at the trial of the publishers of the Fiargo newspaper yesterday, Marshall McMahon stated that after the severing of communications between the two wings of the Grand Army the march to Sedar was directly against his wishes, and that it was his desire to return to Paris. The testimony of Marshall McMahon causes great exciter eat excitement.

Paris, April 2.—The Assembly before

adjourning, appointed a committee to represent it during the recess. Thiers, addressing the Committee to-day confirmed the report that official notice had been given Belgium of the termination within a stipulated time of the treaty of com-merce. He had explained to Belgium merce. He had explained to Belgium that this action was necessary, as France required full liberty to remodel her commercial system in accordance with her altered circumstances. The new tariff, he said, would be terminable every six months. Reterring to foreign affairs, he stated that questions had arisen between Algeria and the neighboring province of Tunis, and although he was aware that the Porte claimed the sovereignty of Tunis, is he had considered it expedient to treat directly with the local government in re-

nis, he had considered it expedient to treat directly with the local government, in regard to Algeria, and he should do so. He also alluded to the restoration by Russis of her fortification in the Black Sea, and saud England was responsible for this infraction of the Treaty of Paris.

Paris, April 2.—The trial for libid in the case of Trochu against the Figaro has ended, in which Villemes and Vitu, editors, were acquitted of the principal charge of libel, but were tound guilty of insulting a functionary of the government nsulting a functionary of the government

Insuting a junctionary of the government and sentenced to one months imprisonment and a fine of 200 francs.

In his address yesterday before the Committee of the Assembly, President Thiers defined the attitude of France towards the Spanish crown. He declared it was the interest of France to keep it was the interest of France to keep Amadus on the throne, because his over-throw would lead to a revival of the candidature of Montpensier or Hohenzollern, as the time was near when the inhabitants of Montpense, in Alsace, must choose either German or French nationality. It is said that nearly all are determined to adhere to French nationality.

Washington, April 2.—The special Senate Committee on Levess of the Missistippi River held a meeting to-day, and appointed a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Allen and Kellogg, to whou all bills and petitions on the subject of the river are referred, and who will report the bill at an early day. Jules Goley, Assistant Chief Bureau of the engraving and printing of the Treasury Department. and printing of the Treasury Department, resigned his position to-day, to take effect May 1st. "Liberals hav

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth Page

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED. the Bureau.

Judge Taber was called to show the it for the express purpose of causing an artificial stringency to force down the The Senate to-day in executive session ment to appoint two commissioners to represent Ohio at the International Con confirmed the following nominations: Ambrose Campbell, Register of Land Office, Marquett, Michigan; Jno. S. May-hugh, Register of Land Office, Elko, Ne-vada; W. P. Freeman, Receiver of Public Mr. Edmunds said that the question artificial stringency to lorce down the prices of stocks.

In regard to the resumption of the trial of Mayor Hall, as far as known there is no intention of abandoning the prosecubalance remaining on hand to the credit of the Bureau of Construction and Repairs at the end of the fiscal year, ending the 30th of June, 1870, which he stated was \$3,619,09, on the 15th of June, 1871, the witness said there were in the hand of gress at London, in July. Senate bill to re-organize the geological survey of the raised by Mr. Johnston's letter was one of the precise meaning of words. When he made the statement referred to be believed State by constituting the Governor, School Commissioner and State Treasured that Johnson and Stanberry had aban-doned their cases and come away before the trials at Columbia were ended just scaool Commissioner and State Treasurer, a Board with power to assign the unfinished survey to there geologists to be appointed by the Governor, was passed. In the house this attention, Mr. Vari Cleaf, Democrar, offered an amendment authorizing and requiring boards of education to establish one or more separate, schools Money, Elko, Nevada; and the following Postmasters: H.B. Evans, Tuscola, Ill.; Jno. Sharp, Oregon, Ill.; A. T. Streeter, Calumis, Mich. One Pratt, indicted for whisky frauds, the paymasters, from \$30,000 to \$100,000, which would be to the credit of the Bureau, although not appearing on the books in his office. is a former revenue inspector, and not Judge Pratt, of Brooklyn. as much as he believed that the trials took place at all, and frank-There were to day seventeen new cases of small-pox, and seven deaths. A physi The Casualty at the Lackawanna Coal Breaker. Mr. Bartlett, here put in as evidence in clan publishes a card expressing the be-lief that the disease is propagated by the